

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Master 13-40-13

# **SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

1.1. Product identifier	substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
Mixture identification:	
Trade name:	Master 13-40-13
Trade code:	11356
1.2. Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Recommended use:	
Fertilizer	
11.2. Relevant identified uses of	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Recommended use:	
Fertilizer	
1.3. Details of the supplier of th	e safety data sheet
AGRITRADE	
411 Blenheim Rd	
Sockburn	
Christchurch 8140	
Ph 03 341 4587	
Fax 03 341 4584	
Free Phone 0800 333 85	5
agritrade@nzagritrade.co	
agrittade@nzagrittade.co	
1.4. Emergency telephone num	ber:
<b>C 7</b> .	
Emergency number	: 24 Hour Emergency Contact: 0800 CHEMCALL (0800 243622)

NZ POISON CENTRE<br/>CONTACT: 111 Police, Ambulance and Fire Brigade (available in New<br/>Zealand only)<br/>0800 764 766 (National Poisons Information Centre)

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to the Hazardous Substances (Classification) Notice 2017 of the HSNO Act. 1996:

The product is classified as non hazardous according to the Hazardous Substances (Classification) Notice 2017 of the HSNO Act, 1996

<u>Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:</u> The product is not classified as hazardous

2.2. Label elements None

2.3. Other hazards



> vPvB Substances: None - PBT Substances: None Other Hazards: No other hazards

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.1. Substances

N.A.

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Number		Classification	
>= 0.1% - <	boric acid	Index number:	005-007-00-2	3.7/1B Repr. 1B H360FD	
0.25%		CAS:	10043-35-3	A979111	
		EC:	233-139-2	11111111	

SVHC Substances:

>= 0.1% - < 0.25% boric acid

Index number: 005-007-00-2, CAS: 10043-35-3, EC: 233-139-2 Substance SVHC

Specific concentration limits: Repr.1B; H360FD: C ≥5,5 %

For full text of H-statements: see SECTION 16

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap. Wash thoroughly (shower or bath).

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

In case of Ingestion:

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person

Rinse mouth with water and if the person is conscious give plenty of water to drink .

Do not under any circumstances induce vomiting. Get medical attention.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation:

Possible irritation of respiratory tract

Skin:

Possible irritation according to the contact time with the product Eye:

Possible irritation according to the contact time with the product Ingestion:

Possible irritation of mouth and digestive tract.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed



> Treatment: N.A.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

- 5.1. Extinguishing media
  - Suitable extinguishing media:
  - Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

- Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:
- None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.
Burning produces smoke containing nitrogen oxides, phosphorus oxides, sulphur oxides.
Can cause the ignition of combustible substances even in the absence of air.

- 5.3. Advice for firefighters
  - Use suitable breathing apparatus.
  - Avoid dust generation

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training Wear protective clothes giving a total skin protection, gloves and safety glasses. Keep away from the affected area people not involved in the emergency intervention. Ensure adequate ventilation. Alert the internal emergency team. For emergency responders: Wear protective clothes giving a total skin protection, PVC gloves and safety glasses. See protective measures under point 7 and 8. Remove people to safety. 6.2. Environmental precautions Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Dilute with water and retain contaminated wash water and dispose in authorized facilities or pick up in clean plastic labeled containers and reuse as fertilizer. In case of seepage into waterways, soil or sewage system inform authorities responsible. Material suitable for collecting: inert absorbent material, sand Avoid organic materials and combustible substances (such as sawdust) 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up Wash with plenty of water. Contain leaks with inert absorbent material 6.4. Reference to other sections See also section 8 and 13

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhaltion of vapours and mists. Avoid dust generation and Keep away from sources of ignition



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	Avoid contamination from any source of metals, dust and organic materials Do not eat or drink while working.
	See also section 8 for recomened protective equipment.
	7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
	Keep in original containers tightly closed in a well-ventilated place far from humidity, heat and ignition sources. Avoid exposure to direct sunlight
	Keep away from food, drink and feed and from combustible materials.
	Incompatible materials:
	Oxidizing and reducing agents, acids, bases, combustible materials
	Instructions as regards storage premises:
	Adequately ventilated, cool and dry premises.
	7.3. Specific end use(s)
	None in particular
2	
C	TION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection 8.1. Control parameters
-	No data available for the mixture.
	Boric acid - CAS: 10043-35-3
	ACGIH - TWA(8h): 2 mg/m3 - STEL: 6 mg/m3 - Notes: (I), A4 - URT irr
	DNEL Exposure Limit Values
	boric acid - CAS: 10043-35-3
	Worker Professional: 8.3 val.03 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term,
	systemic effects
	Worker Professional: 392 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term,
	systemic effects
	Consumer: 0.98 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
	Consumer: 4.15 val.03 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
	Consumer: 196 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic
	effects
	PNEC Exposure Limit Values
	boric acid - CAS: 10043-35-3
	Target: Marine water - Value: 2.9 mg/l - Notes:: (Boron)
	Target: Fresh Water - Value: 2.9 mg/l - Notes:: (Boron)
	Target: Intermittent release - Value: 13.7 mg/l - Notes:: (Boron)
	Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 5.7 mg/kg - Notes:: (Boron)
	Target: Sewage treatment plants - Value: 10 mg/l - Notes:: (Boron)
	8.2. Exposure controls
	Eye protection:
	Use close fitting safety goggles according to the standard EN 166, don't use eye lens
	Protection for skin:
	Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton
	Protection for hands:
	Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. nitrile according to EN 374
	Respiratory protection: No need for normal use.



> In case of dust generation, use anti-powder mask with P2 (FFP2) filters according to the EN 149:2001 The powder exposition limit must be respected. Thermal Hazards: None Known Environmental exposure controls: None

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical ar	nd chemical prop	erties
Appearance and colour:	Orange crysta	als
Odour:	N.A.	
Odour threshold:	N.A.	
pH 1% (water):	4.7 at 20°C	
Melting point / freezing point:	N.A.	
Initial boiling point and boiling	range: N./	۹.
Solid/gas flammability:	N.A.	
Upper/lower flammability or ex	xplosive limits:	N.A.
Vapour density:	N.A.	
Flash point:	N.A.	
Evaporation rate:	N.A.	
Vapour pressure:	N.A.	
Apparent density:	1.1 Kg/dm3	
Solubility in water:	420 g/l at 20°0	2
Solubility in oil:	N.A.	
Partition coefficient (n-octanol	/water): N./	4.
Auto-ignition temperature:	N.A.	
Decomposition temperature:	N.A.	
Viscosity:	N.A.	
Explosive properties:	N.A.	
Oxidizing properties:	N.A.	
9.2. Other information		
Miscibility:	N.A.	
Fat Solubility:	N.A.	
Conductivity(1‰):	N.A.	
Substance Groups relevant pr	roperties N./	۹.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

- 10.1. Reactivity
  - Stable under normal conditions of use and storage
- 10.2. Chemical stability
  - Stable under normal conditions of use and storage
- 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions At high temperatures, which induce thermal decomposition, the product may release hazardous gases
- 10.4. Conditions to avoid
- Stable under normal conditions.
  - Avoid high temperatures that induce termal decomposition
  - Avoid dust generation. Dusts at sufficient concentrations can form explosive mixtures with air Avoid any accumulation of electrostatic charge



Theproduct can cause the ignition of combustible substances even in the absence of air. 10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing and reducing agents, acids, bases, combustible materials

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In case of fire and high temperatures can develop nitrogen oxides, phosphorus oxides, sulphur oxides

<b>SECTION 11: Toxi</b>	cological information
	on on toxicological effects
Toxicological in	nformation of the product:
	of ingestion of large amounts, NO3-ions contained in the product can oxidize the iron
	hemoglobin making it unable to carry oxygen effectively to the tissues
(methem	noglobinemia)
a) acute	toxicity
	ot classified
	ased on available data, the classification criteria are not met
	orrosion/irritation
	ot classified
Ba	ased on available data, the classification criteria are not met
	is eye damage/irritation
	ot classified
	ased on available data, the classification criteria are not met
	atory or skin sensitisation
	ot classified
	ased on available data, the classification criteria are not met cell mutagenicity
, 2	ot classified
	ased on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcino	
	ot classified
Ba	ased on available data, the classification criteria are not met
	ductive toxicity
	ot classified
	ased on available data, the classification criteria are not met
•	-single exposure
	ot classified
	ased on available data, the classification criteria are not met repeated exposure
	ot classified
	ased on available data, the classification criteria are not met
	tion hazard
	ot classified
Ba	ased on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Toxicological ir	nformation of the main substances found in the product:
	d - CAS: 10043-35-3
a) acute	
Τe	est: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat > 2600 mg/kg - Source: OECD 401 - Notes: Test aterial: Boric acid - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met



> Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat > 2.03 mg/l - Source: OECD 403 - Notes: Test material: Boric acid - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg - Source: FIFRA (40 CFR 163) -Notes: Test materila: Boric acid - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

### b) skin corrosion/irritation:

Test: Skin Corrosive - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit - Notes: Test material: Boric acid - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

c) serious eye damage/irritation:

Test: Eye Corrosive - Route: 18202.val1 - Species: Rabbit - Source: OECD 405 - Notes: Test material: Boric acid - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met d) respiratory or skin sensitisation:

- Test: Skin Sensitization Route: Oral Species: Guinea pig Source: OECD 406 Notes: Test material: Boric acid Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
- e) germ cell mutagenicity:

Test: Mutagenesis - Source: Ames test OECD 471 - Notes: Test material: Boric acid -Based on calculation method, the classification criteria are not met

f) carcinogenicity:

Test: Carcinogenicity - Route: Oral - Species: Mouse - Source: OECD 451 - Notes: Test material: Boric acid - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

g) reproductive toxicity:

Test: Reproductive Toxicity - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 58.5 mg/kg - Source: (Boron) - Notes: Test material: Borax deca hydrate; Classification as Repro 1B H360FD

h) STOT-single exposure:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

- i) STOT-repeated exposure:
  - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
- j) aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

12.1. Ecotoxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment. boric acid - CAS: 10043-35-3

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 79.9 mg/l - Duration h: 96 - Notes: (Boron)

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Daphnia = 133 mg/l - Duration h: 48 - Notes: (Boron) b) Aquatic chronic toxicity:

Endpoint: NOEC - Species: Fish = 11.2 mg/l - Duration h: 768 - Notes: (Boron)

Endpoint: NOEC - Species: Daphnia = 25.9 mg/l - Duration h: 48 - Notes: (Boron) c) Bacteria toxicity:

- Endpoint: NOEC Species: Microorganisms = 17.5 mg/l Duration h: 3 Notes: (Boron) e) Plant toxicity:
  - Endpoint: EC50 Species: Algae = 40 mg/l Duration h: 72 Notes: (Boron)
- 12.2. Persistence and degradability:
  - No data available for the mixture;
- 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

The product does not contain any bioaccumulative substances

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available for the mixture;



> 12.5. Other adverse effects (such as hazardous to the ozone layer). None known

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

13.1. Description of waste residues and information on their safe handling and methods of disposal, including the disposal of any contaminated packaging:

- Product :Recover if possible. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

- Packaging: Dispose according to regulations.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

- 14.1. UN number
  - Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.
- 14.2. UN proper shipping name
  - N.A.
- 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
- N.A. 14.4. Packing group
- N.A.
- 14.5. Environmental hazards ADR-Enviromental Pollutant: No IMDG-Marine pollutant: No
- 14.6. Special precautions for user
  - N.A.
- Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code N.A.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Contains no REACH substances with Annex XVII restrictions

15.1.2. National regulations

#### New Zealand

Classification	: Classified as non-hazardous according to HSNO Act 1996;
	Hazardous Substances (Classification) Notice 2017.
National Chemical	: All components listed
Inventory (NZIoC)	

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:		
Repr. 1B	Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B	
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.	

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training. The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.



It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS ca	ncels and replaces any preceding release.
N.A.	no data available
ADR:	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of
	Dangerous Goods by Road.
CAS:	Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical
	Society).
CLP:	Classification, Labeling, Packaging.
DNEL:	Derived No Effect Level.
EINECS:	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
GefStoffVO:	Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
GHS:	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of
	Chemicals.
IATA:	International Air Transport Association.
IATA-DGR:	Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport
	Association" (IATA).
ICAO:	International Civil Aviation Organization.
ICAO-TI:	Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization"
	(ICAO).
IMDG:	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI:	International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
KSt:	Explosion coefficient.
LC50:	Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50:	Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
LTE:	Long-term exposure.
PNEC:	Predicted No Effect Concentration.
RID:	Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods
OTE	by Rail.
STE:	Short-term exposure.
STEL:	Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT:	Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV:	Threshold Limiting Value.
TWATLV:	Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day.
	(ACGIH Standard). German Water Hazard Class.
WGK:	German water mazaru Glass.